

教學單元：不定詞及動名詞

參考影音資料：英語電力公司「不定詞及動名詞」單元

(國家教育研究院教育資源及出版中心)

網址：<http://3w.nioerar.edu.tw/english.jsp>

國家教育研究院教育資源及出版中心 MOD 線上點播→英語文
→96 年度→不定詞及動名詞

一、學習目標

- (一) 能瞭解動名詞與不定詞的定義與用法。
- (二) 動名詞與不定詞當主詞時，與動詞的一致性。
- (三) 能瞭解以 it 當虛主詞的用法。
- (四) 能瞭解並會使用本單元的對話內容。
- (五) 能瞭解並會使用本單元的重要字詞。

二、影片對話英文內容及中譯

- (一) Story Time, Act I (英文) (參考影音資料 02:05- 04:10)

(Dennis, Jeff, Patty and Lisa are having lunch and chatting in the classroom.)

Jeff: Hey ! What's wrong with you, Dennis? You look so tired.

Dennis: I didn't sleep well last night. I want to invite Annie to the party on Saturday. But talking to her is so embarrassing for me.

Jeff: Come on! It's very easy! You can ask her for class notes and then invite her.

Dennis: Will that work?

Jeff: Sure! I'm going to invite Jessica, and I'll do just that.

Lisa: Maybe talking to her about homework is a good idea, too.

Patty: That won't work. Dennis is too shy. Writing a letter to Annie may be a better way. What do you think, Lisa?

Lisa: I agree. Wow! It's going to be very romantic!

故事時間：場景一（中文翻譯）

(Dennis, Jeff, Patty 和 Lisa 正在教室裡邊吃午餐邊聊天。)

Jeff: 嘿！Dennis，你怎麼了？你看起來好累哦！

Dennis: 我昨晚沒睡好。我想要邀請 Annie 星期六去參加舞會，但是我真的很不好意思跟她講話。

Jeff: 別這樣！很簡單的。你可以趁跟她借筆記的時候順便邀請她。

Dennis: 有用嗎？

Jeff: 當然有用！我要邀請 Jessica，我就會用這個方法。

Lisa: 也許跟她討論功課也不失為一個好主意。

Patty: 行不通的。Dennis 太害羞了。寫信給 Annie 也許是個較好的方法。Lisa，你覺得呢？

Lisa: 我同意。哇！這樣一定很羅曼蒂克。

(二) Story Time, Act II (英文) (參考影音資料 11:30- 13:36)

(The next morning)

Patty: Hey, Jeff. Hey, Jeff. Did it work? Will Jessica go to the party with you?

Jeff: Well...Everybody wanted to talk to her. It was so difficult to talk to her.

Patty: Hah, that's just an excuse!

Lisa: See? To say is one thing; to do is another. Hi, Dennis! What about you?

Dennis: I wrote Annie an email last night. And I was

surprised because she said yes!

Patty: Lucky you! So, writing an email really worked!

Jeff: What ! She said yes? I can't believe it!

Patty: It may be easier for you to invite Jessica by email, too!

Jeff: Alright, I'll give it a try.

Lisa: Good luck!

故事時間：場景二（中文翻譯）

(The next morning)

Patty: 嘿，Jeff. 嘿，Jeff. 有沒有用啊？Jessica 願意跟你去參加舞會嗎？

Jeff: 嗯...每個人都要跟她們講話。跟她們講話好難哦！

Patty: 哈！那只是藉口吧！

Lisa: 看吧！說是一回事；做是另一回事。嗨，Dennis！你呢？

Dennis: 我昨晚寫了一封電子郵件給 Annie。然而我很驚訝，因為她說好吔！

Patty: 你真幸運！所以，寫電子郵件真的有用吔！

Jeff: 什麼！她說好？我真不敢相信！

Patty: 你寫電子郵件邀請 Jessica 也可能容易些吧！

Jeff: 好吧，我會試試看。

Lisa: 祝好運哦！

自我挑戰

請依據 Story Time Acts I & II 的劇情，回答下列問題。

(參考影音資料 02:05- 04:10, 11:30- 13:36)

- () 1. Why did Dennis look tired?
(A) He didn't sleep well last night.
(B) He went to cram school last night.
(C) He did a lot of homework last night.
- () 2. What made Dennis so worried?
(A) He didn't do well on the math test.
(B) He didn't know how to take notes in class.
(C) He didn't know how to invite Annie to the party.
- () 3. Who does Jeff want to invite to the party?
(A) Annie. (B) Jessica. (C) Patty.
- () 4. How did Dennis invite Annie to the party?
(A) He wrote her an email.
(B) He did homework for her.
(C) He asked her for class notes.
- () 5. Who will go to the party with Dennis on Saturday?
(A) Lisa. (B) Jessica. (C) Annie.

Answers: 1. (A) 2. (C) 3. (B) 4. (A) 5. (C)

三、關鍵句

1. But **talking to her** **is** so embarrassing for me.
(但是我真的很不好意思跟她講話。)
2. Maybe **talking to her about homework** **is** a good idea, too.
(也許跟她討論功課也不失為一個好主意。)

3. **Writing a letter to Annie may be** a better way.
(寫信給 Annie 也許是個較好的方法。)
4. **It was** so difficult **to talk to her**.
(跟她講話好難哦！)
5. **To say is** one thing; **to do is** another.
(說是一回事；做是另一回事。)
6. **It may be** easier for you **to invite Jessica by email**.
(用電子郵件邀請 Jessica 可能對你還容易些。)

四、 文法圈

(一) 動名詞與不定詞的定義與用法：

動名詞與不定詞，都是「把動詞變成名詞用途」的方式。為什麼要把動詞變成名詞的用途呢？因為英文有個重要概念，就是「一個句子不能有兩個動詞」，當有兩個動詞時，其中一個就要變裝，變裝的方式不是變成動名詞，就是變成不定詞。

我們之前在四大句型學過，主詞不是名詞就是代名詞，但是有時主詞不是事物，而是動作時，就必須使用動名詞(V-ing)或不定詞(to V)來當作主詞了。

例 1：He likes fast food very much. → 主詞為代名詞 He

(他很喜歡吃速食。)

例 2：The dog is so cute. → 主詞為名詞 The dog

(這隻狗好可愛。)

例 3：Watching TV wastes a lot of time. → 主詞為動名詞 Watching TV

(看電視很浪費時間。)

例 4： To see is to believe. → 主詞為不定詞 To see
(眼見為憑。)

我們再看以下動詞轉變為主詞的例子：

例 1. I walk to school every day. → 動詞為 walk，主詞為 I
↓ (我每天走路上學。)
Walking to school is good for our health. → 動詞為 is，主詞為 Walking to school
↓ 或
To walk to school is good for our health. → 動詞為 is，主詞為 To walk to school
(走路上學有益健康。)

例 2. Mary often sings songs. → 動詞為 sing，主詞為 Mary
↓ (Mary 常常唱歌。)
Singing songs makes her happy. → 動詞為 make，主詞為 Singing songs
↓ 或
To sing songs makes her happy. → 動詞為 make，主詞為 To sing songs
(唱歌使她快樂。)

自我挑戰

(一) 請將下列主詞改為正確的形式 (注意大小寫)

1. _____ (get up early) is difficult for me.
2. _____ (buy a house) in Taipei costs a lot of money.
3. _____ (choose a gift) can take a lot of time.
4. _____ (take a taxi) saves more time.
5. _____ (go to a famous high school) is my dream.

Answers:

1. Getting up early 或 To get up early
2. Buying a house 或 To buy a house
3. Choosing a gift 或 To choose a gift
4. Taking a taxi 或 To take a taxi
5. Going to a famous high school 或 To go to a famous high school

(二) 引導式翻譯 (注意大小寫)

1. I often talk to him. _____ is interesting.
(我常常跟他講話。跟他講話很有趣。)
2. You should learn to swim. _____ makes you thinner.
(你應該學游泳。游泳會讓你變瘦。)
3. He usually drives to the office. _____ is very convenient.
(他通常開車上班。開車上班很方便。)
4. I don't want to play the piano. _____ every day makes me tired.
(我不想彈鋼琴。每天彈鋼琴讓我覺得很累。)
5. Don't go to a five-star restaurant. _____ can be very expensive.
(不要去那家五星級餐廳。在五星級餐廳吃飯會很貴。)

Answers:

1. Talking to him 或 To talk to him
2. Swimming 或 To swim
3. Driving to the office 或 To drive to the office
4. Playing the piano 或 To play the piano
5. Eating at a five-star restaurant 或 To eat at a five-star restaurant

(二) 動名詞與不定詞當主詞時，與動詞的一致性：

動名詞與不定詞當主詞時，因為把動作當成「一件事情」，當然是單數囉！所以這樣的句型，動詞都要用單數形哦！除非動詞前面有助動詞，那麼動詞就要用原形動詞了。

S +	V +	O / OC
Talking to her/ To talk to her (跟她講話)	is	so embarrassing for me. (讓我很不好意思)
Writing to Annie/ To write to Annie (寫信給 Annie)	seems (似乎)	easier for him. (對他而言比較容易)
Learning math/ To learn math (學數學)	can be (可以)	fun. (很好玩)
Playing Wii/ To play Wii (玩 Wii 遊戲)	makes (使)	me excited. (我)(興奮)

自我挑戰

請圈選出正確的答案：

1. To walk alone in the dark (is / are / be) dangerous.
2. Visiting coffee shops every day (is / are / be) my habit.
3. Tall buildings (is / are / be) everywhere in big cities.
4. Learning to ride a bicycle (is / are / be) so difficult for me.
5. To make a decision can (is / are / be) difficult.
6. Foreign languages (seem / seems) important for businessmen.
7. To help others (make / makes / making) me happy.
8. Boring classes (make / makes / making) me sleepy.
9. Studying foreign languages (take / takes / taking) a lot of time.
10. Spelling lessons (help / helps / helping) me remember new words.

Answers: 1. is 2. is 3. are 4. is 5. be
6. seem 7. makes 8. make 9. takes 10. help

(三) 虛主詞 it 的用法：

當不定詞或動名詞當主詞使得主詞太長時，為了避免頭重腳輕，我們可以用 it 當虛主詞，再以不定詞完整表達真正的主詞內涵。

例 1. Taking a walk every day is good for our health.

It is good for our health to take a walk every day.

(每天散步有益健康。)

虛主詞 it 先出現，表示真正主詞會在後面。

真正主詞只能以不定詞出現。

例 2. To invite Jessica by email may be easier for you.

It may be easier for you to invite Jessica by email.

(用電子郵件邀請 Jessica 對你可能比較容易。)

自我挑戰

請將下列句子改為用 it 為虛主詞的形式：

例：To move the bus alone is impossible.

→ It is impossible to move the bus alone.

1. To help others makes me happy.

→ _____

2. Playing tennis is more interesting than jogging.

→ _____

3. To go out with her is embarrassing for me.

→ _____

4. To invite her to the party makes him nervous.

→ _____

5. Studying in foreign countries will cost a lot of money.

→ _____

Answers:

1. It makes me happy to help others.

2. It is more interesting to play tennis than to jog.

3. It is embarrassing for me to go out with her.

4. It makes him nervous to invite her to the party.

5. It will cost a lot of money to study in foreign countries.

五、單字王

1. embarrassing (adj.) 令人尷尬的

It was so embarrassing to stand beside him.

(站在他旁邊真令人尷尬。)

2. note (n.) 筆記

Jane takes notes in class all the time.

(Jane 上課時總會記筆記。)

3. work (v.) 有用 (n.)(v.) 工作

It really works better when we use your way.

(用你的方法真的有用。)

I have to work late tonight, and bring some work home.

(我今晚必須工作到很晚，還得帶些工作回家做。)

4. shy (adj.) 害羞的

Jack is too shy to talk to girls.

(Jack 太害羞以至於都不敢跟女孩子講話。)

5. letter (n.) 信件；字母

Emails are letters we send using computers and the Internet.

(電子郵件是我們用電腦及網際網路傳送的信件。)

There are twelve letters in the word “embarrassing.”

(embarrassing 這個字有 12 個字母。)

6. agree (v.) 同意

I agree with you.

(我贊同你。)

7. everybody (n.) 每個人

Everybody thinks the graduation trip will be fun.

(每個人都認為畢業旅行會很好玩)

8. difficult (n.) 困難

Riding a bike is not difficult at all.

(騎腳踏車一點都不難。)

9. excuse (n.) 藉口 (v.) 原諒

Don't make excuses. This mistake was your fault.

(別找藉口。這是你的錯。)

Excuse me. May I go to the bathroom?

(對不起，我可以去洗手間嗎?)

10. believe (v.) 相信

I can't believe it. He made it.

(我真不敢相信，他做到了。)

11. try (n.)(v.) 嘗試

If you never tried, how do you know it won't work? Just give it a try.

(如果你沒試過，你怎麼知道沒有用？就試試看嘛！)

自我挑戰

依文意選出正確的單字。

() 1. I don't agree with you. This is not going to _____.

(A) try (B) work (C) believe

() 2. Don't lie to me. It's just another _____.

(A) excuse (B) exercise (C) experience

() 3. How can I _____ you? You always lie to me.

(A) agree (B) believe (C) work

() 4. Do you think learning English is _____?

(A) nervous (B) convenient (C) difficult

() 5. You can write me a letter or a short _____.

(A) note (B) news (C) name

Answers: 1. (B) 2. (A) 3. (B) 4. (C) 5. (A)

七、進階挑戰

(一) 請參考下面方框中的字詞，寫出正確的單字

(每字限用一次，注意大小寫及單複數)

believe	note	agree	shy	everybody
excuse	work	letter	try	embarrassing

- _____ 1. A: How many _____ are there in the word “believe?”
B: There are seven.
- _____ 2. _____ likes her. She’s so beautiful and kind.
- _____ 3. _____ it or not. Betty got the highest grades.
- _____ 4. Joe is a _____ boy. His face becomes red whenever he talks to a girl.
- _____ 5. Don’t _____ too hard. You need some rest.
- _____ 6. Will you _____ me for a minute? I saw an old friend over there.
- _____ 7. I couldn’t find my wallet when I went to pay for my dinner.
It was so _____.
- _____ 8. I think we should stop; do you _____?
- _____ 9. Johnny is a good student. He takes _____ in every class.
- _____ 10. Just _____ your best. I know you can make it.

Answers: 1. letters 2. Everybody 3. Believe 4. shy 5. work
6. excuse 7. embarrassing 8. agree 9. notes 10. try

(二) 克漏字選擇

Sophie often feels tired these days. Her mother took her to see a doctor. Here's the conversation between Sophie and the doctor.

Doctor: What time do you usually go to bed?

Sophie: I usually go to bed after 11:00 pm.

Doctor: You go to bed too late. Getting enough sleep __1.__ you have more energy.

Sophie: But I have so much homework to do.

Doctor: That's not a good excuse. __2.__ your time well, and you can finish your homework earlier.

Sophie: OK. I'll try. I also have eye problems.

Doctor: Let me check your eyes. Hmm...they are red. How much time do you spend watching TV or using the computer every day?

Sophie: I usually watch TV for an hour and use the computer for two hours.

Doctor: It's important __3.__ a rest after you use the computer for an hour. Watching less TV will also __4.__ your eyes get better.

Sophie: OK. I'll try not to watch so much TV. I'll also close my eyes for five minutes every hour.

Doctor: __5.__ is one thing; to do is another. If you want to get better soon, you need to do what you promised to do.



energy 精力 promise 答應

() 1. (A) let (B) lets (C) to let

() 2. (A) Use (B) Using (C) To use

- () 3. (A) take (B) taking (C) to take
() 4. (A) help (B) helps (C) to help
() 5. (A) Know (B) Knowing (C) To know

Answers: 1. (B) 2. (A) 3. (C) 4. (A) 5. (C)

(三) 引導式翻譯

1. John 喜歡研讀英文。

John likes _____ .

2. 走路上學讓我健康。

_____ makes me healthy _____ to _____.

3. 幫助別人讓我快樂。

It _____ to _____ others.

4. 我有好多功課得做。

I have so much _____ .

5. 在台北買大房子很不容易。

_____ a big _____ in Taipei _____ not _____.

6. 在教室裡奔跑很危險。

_____ in the _____ is _____.

7. 百聞不如一見。

_____ is _____.

8. 買一部好車是我的夢想。

_____ a nice car _____ my _____.

Answers:

1. John likes to study English.

2. It makes me healthy to walk to school.

3. It makes me happy to help others.
4. I have so much homework to do.
5. Buying a big house in Taipei is not easy.
6. Running in the classroom is dangerous.
7. To see is to believe.
8. To buy a nice car is my dream.

(四) 請依據 Story Time Act I & Act II 的劇情，回答下列問題。

(參考影音資料 02:05- 04:10; 11:30- 13:36)

1. Why does Dennis look tired?

2. When is the party?

3. Who did Jeff want to invite to the party?

4. How did Dennis invite Annie to the party?

5. Will Annie go to the party with Dennis?

Answers:

1. He didn't sleep well last night.
2. It's on Saturday.
3. He wanted to invite Jessica.
4. He wrote her an email.
5. Yes, she will. She will go to the party with Dennis.